



# **STANDARD** Responsible Agricultural Company **USMCA**

June 26, 2020









## **AHIFORES** founding organizations























Consejo Agrícola de Baja California



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#### 1. Reference

During the **United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement (USMCA)** negotiations, major issues that posed significant challenges for the country's government and business sector were identified. Canada insisted Mexico should improve working conditions and salaries for workers and comply with ILO's Conventions 87 and 98 regarding the right to organize and collective bargaining.

The US raised the urgent need to establish parallel agreements to address labour and environmental issues, in addition to a dispute settlement mechanism regarding trade processes, where Chapter 23, Labour, and Chapter 31, Dispute Settlement, play a key role for purposes of this Standard.

Article 23.3 in Chapter 23, Labour, of the USMCA, states that "Each Party (the Mexico, United States and Canada governments) shall adopt and maintain in its statutes and regulations, and practices thereunder, the following rights:

- 1 freedom of association and the effective recognition of the right to collective bargaining;
- 2 The elimination of all forms of forced or compulsory labour;
- 3 the effective abolition of child labour;
- 4 The elimination of discrimination in respect of employment and occupation;

# 5 maintain acceptable conditions of work with respect to minimum wages, hours of work, and occupational safety and health."

We acknowledge agricultural producers exporting their products have made significant progress in terms of compliance with labour standards. However, there is always room for improvement and also for expanding those efforts to their whole supply chain. Thus, AHIFORES is introducing this tool, which will guide you on the path of continuous improvement, considering this is an important aspect that cannot wait.



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#### 2. What is the DEAR-USMCA Standard?

The **DEAR-USMCA Standard** is a tool developed by AHIFORES to help the agriculture sector fulfill the labour commitments Mexico subscribed in the context of the negotiation of the new USMCA Trade Agreement, which will become effective on **July 1**<sup>st</sup>, **2020**.

It consists of four components that will allow producers and companies to conduct a self-assessment in a simple manner and, thus, identify their level of compliance with the key labour aspects of the USMCA. These components are the following:

#### DEAR-USMCA Verification Metric

This metric consists of a series of indicators classified in three groups: **The right to organize and collective bargaining, forced labour and child labour.** This Metric provides evidence of compliance, and each indicator in it is assigned a value depending on the level of risk represented by the company's failure to comply with it.

#### 2 DEAR-USMCA Checklist

This checklist, which is based on the Verification Metric, is the tool the Company can use to conduct its **self-assessment** or **internal audit**.

#### **3 DEAR-USMCA Glossary**

This document contains the definitions of **the most important terms to know**, **including legal references**. It helps users better interpret the indicator to comply with.

#### 4 DEAR-USMCA Information System

This is an online platform where the company **can enter its Checklist results**. The system then generates a report that provides a score and identifies any non-conformities, which the company can then use to prepare its corrective actions implementation plan. The information on actions carried out under that plan can also be entered into the system to assess the company's levels of progress during implementation.

The indicators included in the Standard were designed to comply with Mexico's 2019 Labour Reform and the labour standards and instruments of the International Labour Organization (ILO). It is worth noting that the characteristics of the agriculture sector's practices in our country were taken into account for the design of this tool.





			DEAR-USMCA Standard							
				DEAR-USMCA Verification Metric						
Res	ponsible Agricultural C			Version 1.0						
Code	Reference	Indica	ator/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	May not Apply (MNA)	Type of indicator	Value			
			1. Right to Organize	and Collective Bargaining						
1.1	Policy	workers' colle association, aut bargaining. It al in the creation, workers' unions	as a policy in place to ensure respect for ctive rights, such as freedom of onomy, the right to strike and collective so commits not to promote or participate operation, administration or funding of . In other words, it does not engage in ndermine the workers' right to organize argaining.	Verify the company has a policy in writing, disseminated and implemented, that respects workers' collective rights and does not interfere with the life of workers' unions.	MNA	Zero Tolerance	3.2573			
1.2	Validation of existing Collective Bargaining Agreement	Agreement with must register s established by l	t entered into a Collective Bargaining a trade union prior to May 1 <sup>st</sup> 2019 such agreement following the protocol Mexican labour authorities, published on cial Daily Gazette on July 31 <sup>st</sup> 2019.	Verify the existing Collective Bargaining Agreement has been registered following the guidelines and rules of the protocol to register existing Collective Bargaining Agreements.	MNA	Critical	1.6287			
1.3	1.3Unionized workerslist of those work work in the comp the following info population regist signature, as w representative va list for each of the requirement app		provide the company with a copy of the kers who are members of the union and ppany's worksite. That list should include iformation: the worker's name, unique istry code (CURP), hiring date and well as the signature of the union validating such list. There must be one he unions existing in the company. This pplies to both initial and existing aining Agreements in the company.	Verify the existence of a list of the company's unionized workers.	MNA	Lower	0.3257			

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			1. Right to Organize	and Collective Bargaining						
1.4	Request of certificate of employee representativeness	employee re representativida collective barga Federal Labou (CFCyRL) will it by the compar where workers other union in	requests the issuance of a certificate of presentativeness ( <i>constancia de</i> <i>id</i> ) in order to be able to sign an initial ining agreement with the company, the ir Conciliation and Registry Center ssue a notice that must be made public by by posting it in the main locations typically gather to inform them, and any terested in obtaining a certificate of sentativeness, of such process.	Verify the company has the actual notice issued by the CFCyRL, as well as photos of the different locations where the notice was posted.	MNA	Lower	0.3257			
1.5.a	Consultation procedure	call for participa	nust assist in the dissemination of the tition and any other documents required to hold the consultations necessary.	Verify there is evidence that calls for participation in workers' consultations were disseminated.	MNA	Higher	0.6515			
1.5.b	Consultation procedure	dissemination consultations	must help the Union with the of calls for participation in workers' egarding the contents of the initial rgaining Agreement or Revision	Verify the company actually helps the Union disseminate calls for participation in consultations.	MNA	Higher	0.6515			
1.5.c	Consultation procedure	should interven consultations or Union. The emp to ensure the v	ployer nor its non-unionized workers e in any of the activities of the CFCyRL any other consultation organized by the ployer can only provide logistical support oting process is personal, free, secret, expedite and safe.	Verify the list of participants in consultations does not indicate the participation of the company's non- unionized workers, and conduct interviews with workers to confirm the employer did not intervene in the consultation process.	MNA	Zero Tolerance	3.2573			

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			1. Right to Organize	and Collective Bargaining						
1.6	Copy of contract or agreement for workers	workers with a Collective Ba Agreement to b	s entitled to verify the Union provides printed or electronic copy of the Initial rgaining Agreement or Revision e subjected to consultation for approval /'s workers, at least 15 days prior to the	Verify workers have timely received a copy of the Contract or Agreement to be subjected to consultation.	MNA	Lower	0.3257			
1.7	Publication of voting results	of the consulta agreement in vi	allows the Union to publicize the results ation to approve the contents of the sible and easy-to-access locations in the nust be done within two days of the date	There is evidence showing the results of the workers' consultation were disseminated in the workplace.	MNA	Higher	0.6515			
1.8.a	Contents of Collective Bargaining Agreement	the information	Bargaining Agreement must contain all established in the Federal Labour Law, t contravene any of the workers' human, al rights.	Verify the Collective Bargaining Agreement includes the information required by the Federal Labour Law.	MNA	Zero Tolerance	3.2573			
1.8.b	Contents of Collective Bargaining Agreement	"exclusion due workers leaving being expelled	Bargaining Agreement cannot include an to separation" clause that states that the Union, either due to resignation or from it, can be terminated from their job ility for the employer.	Verify the Collective Bargaining Agreement does not include an "exclusion by separation clause", and conduct interviews with workers to confirm that is the case.	MNA	Higher	0.6515			

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Res	sponsible Agricultural C USN			Version 1.0						
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			1. Right to Organize	and Collective Bargaining						
1.9	Copy of Initial Collective Bargaining Agreement or Revision Agreement for workers	Bargaining Agree CFCyRL, the contract hard copy the	of submission of the Initial Collective eement or Revision Agreement with the ompany must deliver, free of charge, a reof to its workers, who must sign ent of receipt of such document.	Verify there is a list of the workers who received a printed copy of the Initial Collective Bargaining Agreement, and also that they acknowledged receipt thereof.	MNA	Higher	0.6515			
1.10	Publication of Collective Bargaining Agreement	Collective Barg	nust disseminate and post copies of the aining Agreement in visible locations typically gather to inform them of its	Verify there is a report that includes photos of the locations where the Collective Bargaining Agreement was posted.	MNA	Higher	0.6515			
1.11	Collective Bargaining Agreement Certificate of Registration	approved by its Registration of s which must b	has a Collective Bargaining Agreement s workers, as well as a Certificate of such Agreement issued by the CFCyRL, e issued within three days of its the CFCyRL by the Union.	Verify the company has a copy of the Collective Bargaining Agreement and its certificate of registration, and also that both are still valid.	MNA	Critical	1.6287			
1.12	Salary review		e Union, the company must conduct an f its workers' salary scale.	Verify the workers' salary scale included in the Collective Bargaining Agreement is valid.	MNA	Critical	1.6287			
1.13	Agreement revision	Agreements m established in a Agreement rev approval of the by means of p	and fixed-term Collective Bargaining ust be reviewed every two years, as article 399 of the Federal Labour Law. sions must also be subjected to the majority of the workers covered by them ersonal, free, secret, direct, peaceful, fe voting processes.	Verify bargaining agreement revisions take place every two years, are subjected to the approval of workers, and are submitted to the CFCyRL.	MNA	Critical	1.6287			

Responsible Agricultural Company			DEAR-USMCA Standard DEAR-USMCA Verification Metric Version 1.0						
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			1. Right to Organize	and Collective Bargaining					
1.14	Vacant positions	Collective Barg workers in the	must notify the union holding the aining Agreement, as well as those immediate lower category, of definitive vacant positions to fill.	Verify the company has notified both the union and its workers of vacant positions to fill.	MNA	Higher	0.6515		
1.15	have union dues		xpress their decision in writing not to s deducted from their salaries, in which yer should not deduct any such dues es.	Conduct interviews with workers to confirm they are paying union dues willingly.	MNA	Critical	1.6287		

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			2. Force	ed labour						
2.1	Policy	to prohibit hu offenses: force exploitation, d bullying in the performs dire	must indicate, in writing, its commitment uman trafficking and any associated ed labour, slavery, servitude, labour iscrimination, sexual harassment and e workplace, in all the operations it ctly and those performed through or service subcontractors.	Verify the company has a written policy, publicized and implemented, that prohibits human trafficking, human trafficking-related offenses, discrimination, sexual harassment and bullying in the workplace.		Higher	0.6515			
2.2	Procedure	and implement respect for the allows for the such as human	nust have a procedure, duly documented red, that guarantees decent work, with a human dignity of all its workers, and detection and prevention of practices trafficking, forced labour, discrimination, nent and bullying in the workplace.	Verify the company has a procedure, duly documented and implemented, to guarantee decent work and the prohibition of human trafficking and forced labour.		Zero Tolerance	3.2573			
2.3.a	Labour recruiter or contractor	agreement, an labour recruiter not legally inco prohibition of e related offense	must formalize, by means of a written y relationship it has established with a r or contractor, even if such recruiter is rporated. That agreement must state the ngaging in acts of human trafficking and s, as well as the obligation to respect h, labour and social rights.	Verify there is a duly signed agreement between the company and the labour recruiter or contractor, which should meet, as a minimum, the requirements described in the indicator. The recruiter must receive a copy of the agreement.	MNA	Critical	1.6287			

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			2. Force	ed labour					
2.3.b	Labour recruiter or contractor	hiring and trans receive training particularly thos	ries participating in the recruitment, sportation of agricultural workers must on human trafficking-related offenses, e related to employment, as well as fair, al opportunity hiring.	Verify the existence of materials on human trafficking used to train recruiters, including photos and lists of attendance duly signed both by the instructor and the person supervising such training.	MNA	Critical	1.6287		
2.4	Subcontracting	workers, it mus the applicable le and benefits to subcontractor m agreement, wh engaging in a	ompany resorts to subcontracting of it make sure the agency involved meets egal requirements and pays full salaries those workers. The relationship with the just be formalized by means of a written ich should establish the prohibition of cts of human trafficking and related all as the obligation to respect workers' and social rights.	Verify the existence of a duly signed agreement between the company and the subcontractor. The subcontractor must receive a copy of the agreement.	MNA	Critical	1.6287		
2.5	Publication of vacant positions	publicized, be principle of sub of job profiles benefits and hir are hired, the description and services provide	job offers to fill vacant positions must be clear and accurate, and follow the stantive equality, including a description and requirements, salaries offered, ing conditions. In case migrant workers company must provide a detailed photos of the housing conditions and ad in its shelters. The worker must sign r her acknowledgement and acceptance	Verify job offers to fill vacant positions meet, as a minimum, the requirements described in the indicator, and also that workers have acknowledged receipt of such information and accepted the offer.		Critical	1.6287		

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			2. Force	ed labour						
2.6	Hiring costs	permanent, terr labourers, must	ed to the hiring and transportation of aporary and seasonal workers, or day be covered by the employer, and no be made from workers' salaries for such	Verify the company has covered the costs for the hiring and transportation of agricultural workers.	MNA	Zero tolerance	3.2573			
2.7	Formal hiring processes	through an agreement. The includes copie certificate, uniq voter's ID an- documents sho whatsoever. Th agreement. In or read or write, a to read the en must put their fi if they agree wi	has a formal process to hire workers individual or collective bargaining e company puts together a file that s of identification documents (birth ue population registry code (CURP), d social security number). Original huld not be withheld for any reason e worker must receive a copy of the case the worker does not know how to person he or she trusts must be present ployment contract for them. Workers ngerprint or signature on the document th the hiring conditions, and the person ract must sign as a witness.	Verify the company has an individual file for each worker that includes the employment contract and copies of his or her identification documents, as well as evidence the worker was informed of the contents of the agreement and received a copy thereof.		Zero tolerance	3.2573			
2.8	Social Security	security system	workers are affiliated with the social and are informed of the benefits and their families.	Verify the company's workers have social security benefits and are informed of the corresponding benefits.		Zero tolerance	3.2573			

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			2. Force	ed labour						
2.9	Benefits	benefits: weekly bonus, Christma and seasonal proportional pa	must give its workers the following y paid day of rest, vacations, vacation as bonus and profit sharing. Temporary agricultural workers must be paid a rt of those benefits. The payment of must be clearly identified in their pay	Verify accounting records show workers' benefits were covered.		Zero tolerance	3.2573			
2.10	Minimum salary	or task, their minimum daily	vorkers hired by shift, piecework, output salary should not be lower than the wage for the region where they are they fail to perform the tasks assigned.	Verify, through a paperwork review and interviews, that the workers' daily wages paid are not below the general minimum wage for the region.		Zero tolerance	3.2573			
2.11	Salary protection	or every fifteer Workers should which should b days, and only made. Pay stub form of Internet stubs are printe signature to be paid via debit c delivered to a company for th	e paid directly to workers, either weekly h days, depending on their category. be able to freely dispose of their salary, re paid at the workplace, on business deductions permitted by law can be s can be provided either in print or in the digital tax receipts (CFDIs). In case pay d, they should bear the worker's original considered valid. In case salaries are ard, workers' debit cards should not be ny third parties associated with the eir management. They should be held irectly by workers.	Verify electronic or paper payrolls comply with the legal requirements regarding the payment of salaries. Conduct interviews with workers to verify the company complies with general salary conditions and they are receiving the corresponding pay stubs.		Zero tolerance	3.2573			

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			2. Force	ed labour						
2.12.a	Work shift	which should m shift (between hours a day), ni maximum of 7 nighttime, with	ntracts must clearly specify work shifts, eet the following requirements: daytime 6 am and 8 pm, for a maximum of 8 ght shift (between 8 pm and 6 am, for a nours a day) and mixed shift (daytime- the nighttime shift not exceeding 3.5 imum of 7.5 hours a day).	Verify the individual or collective bargaining agreement clearly specifies the shifts workers have agreed to work. Also, the company must keep attendance records specifying the start and end times of work shifts.		Critical	1.6287			
2.12.b	Work shift	subjected to no	rohibits and makes sure workers are not toriously excessive and inhumane work he worker wants to earn more money rk or overtime.	Verify attendance records specify time limits for workers to punch in and out so they do not exceed the number of hours specified for work shifts and the number of extra hours agreed.		Zero tolerance	3.2573			
2.12.c	Work shift	The company r break of at least	nust give workers working a full shift a 30 minutes.	Verify the existence of attendance records that specify workers' break times, including break start and end times.		Higher	0.6515			
2.12.d	Work shift	the worker arri moment he or considered par considered in th	ers to the time period from the moment ves in the company's facilities to the she leaves its premises. Downtime is of the work shift, and it should be ne calculation and payment of salaries, er is hired by piecework, task or output.	Verify downtime records are kept and workers are paid downtime.		Critical	1.6287			

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			2. Force	ed labour						
2.13.a	Overtime	The worker's vol documented.	untary decision to work overtime must be	Verify the existence of paperwork signed by the worker specifying his or her willingness to work overtime.	MNA	Lower	0.3257			
2.13.b	Overtime	times a week calculated base	I not exceed three hours a day, three , with the corresponding payment d on an additional one hundred percent at corresponds to the regular work shift	Verify the existence of attendance records that indicate the number of hours worked and the corresponding payments made for the first 9 hours of weekly overtime.	MNA	Critical	1.6287			
2.13.c	Overtime	a rate of two corresponds to	ess of 9 hours a week should be paid at hundred percent of the salary that he regular work shift (triple salary), and eed 12 hours a week.	Verify the existence of attendance records that indicate the number of hours worked and the corresponding payments made for any work in excess of 9 hours of weekly overtime.	MNA	Critical	1.6287			
2.14.a	Days off		ays the worker a weekly day of rest for worked, and the worker takes that day	Verify workers' pay stubs specify the weekly paid day of rest, and conduct interviews with workers to confirm they are actually taking those days off.		Higher	0.6515			
2.14.b	Days off	workers, the pa	f temporary or seasonal agricultural yment of the weekly day off must be ne number of days worked.	Verify the pay stubs of temporary or seasonal workers specify the weekly day off proportional payment.	MNA	Higher	0.6515			
2.14.c	Days off	off or a mandate salary that corre	r decides to work his or her weekly day ry day off, he or she should be paid the esponds to such day off plus a double es rendered (triple salary).	Verify the corresponding salaries are paid to workers working days off.	MNA	Higher	0.6515			

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			2. Force	ed labour						
2.15	High temperature conditions	agricultural activ in greenhouse areas, warehou exposure of w does not exceen 26.7 °C; otherw	nust make sure that, in the case outdoor vities, as well as any activities performed s, shade cloth greenhouses, indoor uses and others, the maximum daily orkers to high temperature conditions d a wet bulb globe temperature index of vise, control measures must be put in rkers' exposure and non-exposure time.	Verify the existence of records indicating measures taken to control high temperature conditions (heat) workers are exposed to, exposure time and actions implemented, in accordance with Table 1 of Standard NOM-015-STPS-2001.		Critical	1.6287			
2.16	Low temperature conditions	activities perfor activities, gree greenhouses, when the therm less than 10 °C proper PPE do control measure	must make sure that, in the case of mrmed in cold rooms, outdoor farm enhouses, warehouses, shade cloth workshops, storage areas and others, nometer temperature reading is equal or , the exposure time for a person wearing bes not exceed one hour; otherwise, es must be put in place to limit workers' on-exposure time.	Verify the existence of records indicating measures taken to control low temperature conditions (cold) workers are exposed to, exposure times, actions implemented and personal protection equipment provided, in accordance with Table 2 and Table A.2 of Standard NOM-015-STPS-2001.		Critical	1.6287			
2.17	Manual handling of loads for persons older than 45	than 45 to lift ar male workers of excess of 20 manual handl authorization fr	should not allow female workers older nd/or carry loads in excess of 15 kg, and lder than 45 to lift and/or carry loads in kg. Workers must receive training on ing of loads. Only workers with om a physician should be allowed to excess of 20 kg for women and 25 kg	Verify the maximum weight to be lifted or carried by a worker older than 45 does not exceed the authorized limits, and also that the weight of full buckets or containers is properly documented, or these have marks indicating their maximum capacity, in accordance with Standard NOM-036-1-STPS-2018.		Lower	0.3257			

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			2. Force	ed labour						
2.18	Manual handling of loads for persons ages 18 to 45	the ages of 18 a of 20 kg, and m 45 to lift and/or	nould not allow female workers between nd 45 to lift and/or carry loads in excess ale workers between the ages of 18 and carry loads in excess of 25 kg. Workers ining on manual handling of loads.	Verify the maximum weight to be lifted or carried by a worker between the ages of 18 and 45 does not exceed the authorized limits, in accordance with Standard NOM-036-1-STPS-2018.		Lower	0.3257			
2.19	Manual handling of loads for pregnant women	in the first 10- manually handli 10 kg, or perfor postures or rep time that require lower limbs. Fer	ust prohibit pregnant women or women week period following childbirth from ng materials with a weight in excess of rrming tasks that involve forced body etitive motion for prolonged periods of e abdominal efforts or the movement of nale workers must be informed of such e proper training.	Verify pregnant workers are not manually handling loads in excess of 10 kg, as well as the existence of records and controls to relocate pregnant women, in accordance with Standard NOM-036-1-STPS-2018.		Critical	1.6287			
2.20	Body posture restrictions	an ergonomic ri restrictions, that adopting uncom result of having	nanual work activities, the company has sk assessment, including body posture identifies the level of risk for workers fortable or forced body postures as a to crouch for long periods of time, or loads, due to space limitations.	Verify the company has an ergonomic risk assessment and measures in place to mitigate the risk of exposure, as well as an occupational health surveillance program, in accordance with Standard NOM-036-1-STPS-2018.		Critical	1.6287			

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			2. Force	ed labour						
2.21	Psychosocial risk factors	risk factors for corrective meas analysis. The c workers to file c physical coerci persistent acts insults, hui marginalization, and rejection, t depression, iso	as identified and analyzed psychosocial workers, and documents preventive or ures taken as a result of the risk factor company has mechanisms in place for omplaints and reports regarding threats, on, mistreatment and systematic and of intimidation, such as slandering, niliation, demeaning attitudes, indifference, ill-intended comparisons hat may lead workers to situations of lation or loss of self-esteem. Workers out such complaint filing mechanisms.	Verify actions are taken to identify and analyze psychosocial risk factors, in addition to the existence of records of prevention and control actions, complaint or report filing mechanisms, how complaints are handled, the results of follow-up actions, and how workers are informed of mechanisms to file complaints for violence in the workplace, in accordance with Standard NOM- 035-STPS-2018.		Higher	0.6515			
2.22	Work in confined spaces	work in confined unfit workers, e performing tas combustion equi- safety procedur to use the pers lack of materia perform the a	as safety measures in place regarding d spaces, including prohibiting access to kceeding the maximum authorized time, sks individually, introducing internal uipment into them; prohibiting work if es are not followed or in case of failure onal protection equipment required, the als, tools or equipment necessary to activity, or any other anomaly that workers' lives and safety, in addition to prized workers.	Verify the existence of safety procedures and measures regarding work in confined spaces, and also that hazardous jobs are only performed by authorized and duly trained personnel, personal protection equipment is provided, safety measures are followed up, and records of training courses held are kept, in accordance with Standard NOM-033-STPS-2015.		Higher	0.6515			

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			2. Force	ed labour			
2.23	Handling of agrochemicals	agrochemicals equipment indic sheet or label. used and rem operating condi each shift in t spaces for wor hands and bat company has handle the ef	provides personnel using and handling with training and the personal protection cated on the corresponding safety data Personal protection equipment must be loved correctly, and be kept in safe titons, including washing it at the end of he workplace. The company provides rkers to store their clothes, wash their the (with soap and clean water). The antidotes and medications available to fects of agrochemicals used in the workers are informed of their health and isks.	Verify the company meets specifications regarding the safe use and handling of agrochemicals, in accordance with Standard NOM-003-STPS-1999.		Zero tolerance	3.2573
2.24	Health surveillance for personnel handling agrochemicals.	occupationally agrochemicals detection of org of workers mos application of exams, clinical medical exams impact, and pr that do not ir question. The p	has a health surveillance program for exposed workers using and handling to protect their health, including early ganic health problems, and identification t at risk. The program must consider the entry, periodic and specific medical evaluations, measures to follow in case a show alterations or confirm a health ocedures to reassign workers to tasks wolve exposure to the risk factor in erson in charge of the program must be h experience in the field of occupational	Verify the existence of a health surveillance program for workers occupationally exposed to agrochemicals, including follow-up actions to protect the health and lives of workers.		Critical	1.6287

Responsible Agricultural Company			DEAR-USMCA Standard DEAR-USMCA Verification Metric Version 1.0					
Code	Reference	Indica	tor/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	May not Apply (MNA)	Type of indicator	Value	
			2. Forc	ed labour				
2.25	Handling of emergencies	considers dealin cases of intox agrochemicals substances; ag used to contain handle emerger during containm	as a plan to handle emergencies that ng, as a minimum, with the following: ication due to severe exposure to or other hazardous chemical rochemical leaks or spills; materials spills, personal protection equipment to ncies, training for personnel exposed ent efforts, and any other condition that ives or integrity of its workers, based on	Verify the existence of a plan to handle emergencies in cases of severe exposure or intoxication, agrochemical spills or leaks, as well as the existence of training records and certificates for the personnel in charge of handling emergencies; dissemination and publication of plans in work areas where emergencies may occur; and availability of materials to eliminate and contain spills or leaks.		Critical	1.6287	

				DEAR-USMCA Standard						
	ponsible Agricultural C			DEAR-USMCA Verification Metric						
Res	USN			Version 1.0						
Code	Reference	Indicat	or/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	May not Apply (MNA)	Type of indicator	Value			
			3. Chil	d labour						
3.1	Policy	commitment to country and not	has a written policy that reflects its abide by current legislation in the to hire persons under the age of 18 for vities, which are considered hazardous	Verify the company has a policy that prohibits child labour and forced child labour, and also that workers know about it and such policy is actually being followed.		Higher	0.6515			
3.2	Procedure	ensure no minu That procedure access of mino of minors he agricultural act mechanism to	lesigns and implements a procedure to ors are hired for agricultural activities. should include the following: controlling rs to the company's facilities, detection liping their parents (delegation of ivities from parents to children), a remove minors if found performing vities and restitution for working minors	Verify there is a procedure in place to prohibit child labour and forced child labour, duly documented and implemented, in the company's operations. That procedure should meet, as a minimum, the requirements specified in the indicator.		Zero tolerance	3.2573			
3.3	Dissemination of policy and procedure		the procedure to prevent the hiring of must be disseminated among the erned parties.	Verify the existence of attendance records, photos and materials that show the policy and the procedure to prevent the hiring of child labour were disseminated among the company's concerned parties.		Higher	0.6515			
3.4	Records of access	company's facili	be kept of minors accessing the ties. These records should include, as a ollowing information: name, age, date he visit.	Verify the existence of up-to-date records of access of minors to the company.		Lower	0.3257			

				DEAR-USMCA Standard						
				DEAR-USMCA Verification Metric						
Res	sponsible Agricultural Co USN			Version 1.0						
Code	Reference	Indicate	or/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	May not Apply (MNA)	Type of indicator	Value			
			3. Chil	d labour						
3.5	Removing minors from agricultural activities	or they are hel must be remov their human rig handed over to	orking (either because they were hired bing their parents or family members), ed from those activities, making sure hts are respected, and they must be their parents or guardians, who must commitment to prevent the minor from shavior.	The company must have a letter of commitment signed by the parents or guardians of the minor found working.	MNA	Critical	1.6287			
3.6	Restitution for minors	investigate the together with his	r is found working, the company must reasons that led him/her to work and, s/her parents or guardians, efforts must ress the reasons for such action.	Verify a report was made indicating the reasons that led the child to work and any actions taken by the company to support that minor.	MNA	Higher	0.6515			
3.7.a	Child protection system	permanence of	promotes the integration and children of migrant workers in school, upport in the form of school supplies ansport.	Submit a detailed report of the actions implemented by the company for the integration and permanence of the children of its migrant workers in school.	MNA	Higher	0.6515			
3.7.b	Child protection system		children of local workers in school, rt in the form of school supplies and/or	Submit a detailed report of the actions implemented by the company for the integration and permanence of children of its local workers in school.		Critical	1.6287			
3.7.c	Child protection system	permanence of in school, and	promotes the integration and children and youths from the community provides support in the form of school school transport.	Submit a detailed report of the actions implemented by the company for the integration and permanence of children and youths from the community in school.	MNA	Lower	0.3257			

				DEAR-USMCA Standard						
				DEAR-USMCA Verification Metric						
Res	ponsible Agricultural C	1 5		Version 1.0						
Code	Reference	Indicat	or/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	May not Apply (MNA)	Type of indicator	Value			
			3. Chil	d labour						
3.7.d	Child protection system	workers and/or	rants scholarships to the children of its children and youths from the community integration and permanence in school.	Submit a detailed report and paperwork that show education scholarships were actually granted.	MNA	Higher	0.6515			
3.7.e	Child protection system		rovides childcare services in appropriate e security systems required to protect nigrant workers.	Verify those services are actually being provided, and also that they guarantee the safety of children of migrant workers. Also, verify there is a list of attendance with the names of the beneficiaries of childcare services.	MNA	Higher	0.6515			
3.7.f	Child protection system		rovides childcare services in appropriate e security systems required to protect ocal workers.	Verify such services are actually being provided, and also that they guarantee the safety of children of local workers. Also, there must be a list of attendance showing the names the beneficiaries of the childcare services.	MNA	Higher	0.6515			
3.7.g	Child protection system	and/or local wo	e provided to the children of migrant rkers cared for in the childcare facility company's worksites and/or shelters.	Submit paperwork to verify meals provided to the beneficiaries of childcare facilities are paid by the company.	MNA	Higher	0.6515			
3.7.h	Child protection system	and sports activ	promotes and organizes artistic, cultural vities for the children of workers and/or uths from the community.	Verify the existence of a program of activities, as well as photos and testimonies of the activities performed.		Critical	1.6287			

				DEAR-USMCA Standard						
				DEAR-USMCA Verification Metric						
Responsible Agricultural Company USMCA Version 1.0										
Code	Reference	Indica	tor/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	May not Apply (MNA)	Type of indicator	Value			
			3. Chil	d labour						
3.8	Inspections by labour authorities	working in the	ection by labour authorities finds minors company, the company must submit corrective actions taken in response to	Verify the contents of the labour authorities' inspection report and corrective actions taken.	MNA	Critical	1.6287			
3.9	Restitution for working minors	working has not his or her servi	authorities determine the minor found received the salary that corresponds to ces, compared to other workers in the imployer must pay those differences in	Verify if the labour authorities' inspection report states the minor did not receive the corresponding salary, in which case the company must produce payroll records to calculate the differences in salary not paid to the minor found working.	MNA	Critical	1.6287			
3.10	Public claims	minors by the contract the company minors	claims are made regarding the hiring of ompany to perform agricultural activities, ust remove those minors immediately by corresponding procedure, and minors stitution.	Verify the company has documented the removal of minors found working and restitution has been paid.	MNA	Critical	1.6287			
	1			1	<u> </u>	Calification	100.00			

				DEAR-USMCA Standard					
	ponsible Agricultural C			DEAR-USMCA Checklist					
Res				Version 1.0					
Code	Reference	Indica	ator/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment			
			1. Right to Organize	and Collective Bargaining					
1.1	Policy	workers' colle association, aut bargaining. It al in the creation, workers' unions	as a policy in place to ensure respect for ctive rights, such as freedom of conomy, the right to strike and collective so commits not to promote or participate operation, administration or funding of a In other words, it does not engage in indermine the workers' right to organize argaining.	Verify the company has a policy in writing, disseminated and implemented, that respects workers' collective rights and does not interfere with the life of unions.					
1.2	Validation of existing Collective Bargaining Agreement	Agreement with must register s established by	t entered into a Collective Bargaining n a trade union prior to May 1 <sup>st</sup> 2019 such agreement following the protocol Mexican labour authorities, published on cial Daily Gazette on July 31 <sup>st</sup> 2019.	Verify the existing Collective Bargaining Agreement has been registered following the guidelines and rules of the protocol to register existing Collective Bargaining Agreements.					
1.3	Unionized workers	list of those work work in the corr the following ir population reg signature, as representative list for each of the requirement as	provide the company with a copy of the kers who are members of the union and upany's worksite. That list should include iformation: the worker's name, unique istry code (CURP), hiring date and well as the signature of the union validating such list. There must be one he unions existing in the company. This pplies to both initial and existing aining Agreements in the company.	Verify the existence of a list of the company's unionized workers.					

			DEAR-USMCA Standard						
	ponsible Agricultural C			DEAR-USMCA Checklist					
	-			Version 1.0					
Code	Reference	Indica	ator/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment			
			1. Right to Organize	and Collective Bargaining					
1.4	Request of certificate of employee representativeness	employee re representativida collective barga Federal Labou (CFCyRL) will is by the compar where workers other union in	requests the issuance of a certificate of presentativeness ( <i>constancia de</i> <i>id</i> ) in order to be able to sign an initial ining agreement with the company, the ir Conciliation and Registry Center ssue a notice that must be made public by by posting it in the main locations typically gather to inform them, and any terested in obtaining a certificate of sentativeness, of such process.	Verify the company has the actual notice issued by the CFCyRL, as well as photos of the different locations where the notice was posted.					
1.5.a	Consultation procedure	call for participa	nust assist in the dissemination of the tion and any other documents required to hold the consultations necessary.	Verify there is evidence that calls for participation in workers' consultations were disseminated.					
1.5.b	Consultation procedure	for participation the contents	ust help the Union disseminate the calls of employees in consultations regarding of the initial Collective Bargaining evision Agreement.	Verify the company actually helps the Union disseminate calls for participation in consultations.					
1.5.c	Consultation procedure	should intervent consultations or Union. The emp to ensure the v	pployer nor its non-unionized workers e in any of the activities of the CFCyRL any other consultation organized by the ployer can only provide logistical support oting process is personal, free, secret, expedite and safe.	Verify the list of participants in consultations does not indicate the participation of the company's non- unionized workers, and conduct interviews with workers to confirm the employer did not intervene in the consultation process.					

	DEA ponsible Agricultural C			DEAR-USMCA Standard DEAR-USMCA Checklist					
, Res,				Version 1.0					
Code	Reference	Indicator/C	ompliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment			
			1. Right to Organize	and Collective Bargaining					
1.6	Copy of contract or agreement for workers	workers with a Collective Bar Agreement to be	e entitled to verify the Union provides printed or electronic copy of the Initial gaining Agreement or Revision e subjected to consultation for approval s workers, at least 15 days prior to the	Verify workers have timely received a copy of the Contract or Agreement to be subjected to consultation.					
1.7	Publication of voting results	of the consulta agreement in vis	lows the Union to publicize the results tion to approve the contents of the ible and easy-to-access locations in the ust be done within two days of the date	There is evidence showing the results of the workers' consultation were disseminated in the workplace.					
1.8.a	Contents of Collective Bargaining Agreement	the information e	Bargaining Agreement must contain all established in the Federal Labour Law, contravene any of the workers' human, I rights.	Verify the Collective Bargaining Agreement includes the information required by the Federal Labour Law.					
1.8.b	Contents of Collective Bargaining Agreement	"exclusion due workers leaving being expelled f	argaining Agreement cannot include an to separation" clause that states that the Union, either due to resignation or om it, can be terminated from their job ity for the employer.	Verify the Collective Bargaining Agreement does not include an "exclusion by separation clause", and conduct interviews with workers to confirm that is the case.					

			DEAR-USMCA Standard					
			DEAR-USMCA Checklist					
Res	sponsible Agricultural C			Version 1.0				
Code	Reference	Indica	tor/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment		
			1. Right to Organize	and Collective Bargaining				
1.9	Copy of Initial Collective Bargaining Agreement or Revision Agreement for workers	Bargaining Agree CFCyRL, the control hard copy the	of submission of the Initial Collective ement or Revision Agreement with the ompany must deliver, free of charge, a reof to its workers, who must sign nt of receipt of such document.	Verify there is a list of the workers who received a printed copy of the Initial Collective Bargaining Agreement, and also that they acknowledged receipt thereof.				
1.10	Publication of Collective Bargaining Agreement	Collective Barg	nust disseminate and post copies of the aining Agreement in visible locations typically gather to inform them of its	Verify there is a report that includes photos of the locations where the Collective Bargaining Agreement was posted.				
1.11	Collective Bargaining Agreement Certificate of Registration	approved by its Registration of s which must b	as a Collective Bargaining Agreement s workers, as well as a Certificate of uch Agreement issued by the CFCyRL, e issued within three days of its the CFCyRL by the Union.	Verify the company has a copy of the Collective Bargaining Agreement and its certificate of registration, and also that both are still valid.				
1.12	Salary review		e Union, the company must conduct an its workers' salary scale.	Verify the workers' salary scale included in the Collective Bargaining Agreement is valid.				
1.13	Agreement revision	Agreements mu established in a Agreement revi approval of the by means of p	and fixed-term Collective Bargaining ist be reviewed every two years, as inticle 399 of the Federal Labour Law. sions must also be subjected to the majority of the workers covered by them ersonal, free, secret, direct, peaceful, fe voting processes.	Verify bargaining agreement revisions take place every two years, are subjected to the approval of workers, and are submitted to the CFCyRL.				

Responsible Agricultural Company			DEAR-USMCA Standard DEAR-USMCA Checklist Version 1.0				
Code	Reference	Indica	tor/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment	
			1. Right to Organize	and Collective Bargaining			
1.14	Vacant positions	Collective Barg workers in the i	must notify the union holding the aining Agreement, as well as those mmediate lower category, of definitive acant positions to fill.	Verify the company has notified both the union and its workers of vacant positions to fill.			
1.15	Union dues	have union dues	press their decision in writing not to s deducted from their salaries, in which yer should not deduct any such dues s.	Conduct interviews with workers to confirm they are paying union dues willingly.			

			DEAR-USMCA Standard						
			DEAR-USMCA Checklist						
Res	ponsible Agricultural C			Version 1.0					
Code	Reference Indica		ator/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment			
			2. Force	ed labour					
2.1	Policy	to prohibit hu offenses: force exploitation, d bullying in the performs dire	must indicate, in writing, its commitment iman trafficking and any associated ed labour, slavery, servitude, labour iscrimination, sexual harassment and e workplace, in all the operations it ctly and those performed through or service subcontractors.	Verify the company has a written policy, publicized and implemented, that prohibits human trafficking, human trafficking-related offenses, discrimination, sexual harassment and bullying in the workplace					
2.2	Procedure	and implement respect for the allows for the such as human	nust have a procedure, duly documented ed, that guarantees decent work, with human dignity of all its workers, and detection and prevention of practices trafficking, forced labour, discrimination, tent and bullying in the workplace.	Verify the company has a procedure, duly documented and implemented, to guarantee decent work and the prohibition of human trafficking and forced labour.					
2.3.a	Labour recruiter or contractor	agreement, any labour recruiter not legally inco prohibition of e related offense	must formalize, by means of a written y relationship it has established with a or contractor, even if such recruiter is rporated. That agreement must state the ngaging in acts of human trafficking and s, as well as the obligation to respect h, labour and social rights.	Verify there is a duly signed agreement between the company and the labour recruiter or contractor, which should meet, as a minimum, the requirements described in the indicator. The recruiter must receive a copy of the agreement.					

			DEAR-USMCA Standard					
Pos	ponsible Agricultural C		DEAR-USMCA Checklist					
Res				Version 1.0				
Code	Reference Indicator/Co		ompliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment		
			2. Force	ed labour				
2.3.b	Labour recruiter or contractor	hiring and trans receive training particularly thos	ries participating in the recruitment, sportation of agricultural workers must on human trafficking-related offenses, e related to employment, as well as fair, Il opportunity hiring.	Verify the existence of materials on human trafficking used to train recruiters, including photos and lists of attendance duly signed both by the instructor and the person supervising such training.				
2.4	Subcontracting	workers, it must the applicable le and benefits to subcontractor m agreement, whi engaging in ac	ompany resorts to subcontracting of make sure the agency involved meets egal requirements and pays full salaries hose workers. The relationship with the ust be formalized by means of a written ch should establish the prohibition of cts of human trafficking and related II as the obligation to respect workers' nd social rights.	Verify the existence of a duly signed agreement between the company and the subcontractor. The subcontractor must receive a copy of the agreement.				
2.5	Publication of vacant positions	publicized, be principle of subs of job profiles benefits and hir are hired, it is ir images of hou provided at she	job offers to fill vacant positions must be clear and accurate, and follow the stantive equality, including a description and requirements, salaries offered, ing conditions. In case migrant workers nportant to describe in detail and show sing conditions and welfare services lters. The worker must sign to express owledgement and acceptance of the job	Verify job offers to fill vacant positions meet, as a minimum, the requirements described in the indicator, and also that workers have acknowledged receipt of such information and accepted the offer.				

Responsible Agricultural Company			DEAR-USMCA Standard DEAR-USMCA Checklist Version 1.0				
Code			tor/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment	
			2. Force	ed labour			
2.6	Hiring costs	permanent, tem labourers, must	ed to the hiring and transportation of porary and seasonal workers, or day t be covered by the employer, and no be made from workers' salaries for such	Verify the company has covered the costs for the hiring and transportation of agricultural workers.			
2.7	Formal hiring processes	through an agreement. The includes copie certificate, uniq voter's ID an documents sho whatsoever. Th agreement. In or read or write, a to read the en must put their fi if they agree wi	has a formal process to hire workers individual or collective bargaining e company puts together a file that s of identification documents (birth jue population registry code (CURP), d social security number). Original puld not be withheld for any reason the worker must receive a copy of the case the worker does not know how to person he or she trusts must be present ingerprint or signature on the document th the hiring conditions, and the person tract must sign as a witness.	Verify the company has an individual file for each worker that includes the employment contract and copies of his or her identification documents, as well as evidence the worker was informed of the contents of the agreement and received a copy thereof.			
2.8	Social Security	security system	workers are affiliated with the social n and are informed of the benefits n and their families.	Verify the company's workers have social security benefits and are informed of the corresponding benefits.			

			DEAR-USMCA Standard						
	ponsible Agricultural C		DEAR-USMCA Checklist						
Res	USN	1 5		Version 1.0					
Code	Reference	Indicat	or/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment			
			2. Force	ed labour					
2.9	Benefits	benefits: weekly bonus, Christma and seasonal a proportional par	must give its workers the following r paid day of rest, vacations, vacation is bonus and profit sharing. Temporary agricultural workers must be paid a t of those benefits. The payment of must be clearly identified in their pay	Verify accounting records show workers' benefits were covered.					
2.10	Minimum salary	or task, their s minimum daily	vorkers hired by shift, piecework, output salary should not be lower than the wage for the region where they are they fail to perform the tasks assigned.	Verify, through a paperwork review and interviews, that the workers' daily wages paid are not below the general minimum wage for the region.					
2.11	Salary protection	or every fifteer Workers should which should b days, and only made. Pay stub- form of Internet stubs are printer signature to be paid via debit c delivered to a company for th	e paid directly to workers, either weekly h days, depending on their category. be able to freely dispose of their salary, e paid at the workplace, on business deductions permitted by law can be s can be provided either in print or in the digital tax receipts (CFDIs). In case pay d, they should bear the worker's original considered valid. In case salaries are ard, workers' debit cards should not be ny third parties associated with the eir management. They should be held irectly by workers.	Verify electronic or paper payrolls comply with the legal requirements regarding the payment of salaries. Conduct interviews with workers to verify the company complies with general salary conditions and they are receiving the corresponding pay stubs.					

			DEAR-USMCA Standard					
	ponsible Agricultural C		DEAR-USMCA Checklist					
Resp	USN			Version 1.0				
Code	Reference	Indic	cator/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment		
			2. Force	ed labour				
2.12.a	Work shift	which should m shift (between hours a day), ni maximum of 7 nighttime, with	ntracts must clearly specify work shifts, eet the following requirements: daytime 6 am and 8 pm, for a maximum of 8 ght shift (between 8 pm and 6 am, for a hours a day) and mixed shift (daytime- the nighttime shift not exceeding 3.5 simum of 7.5 hours a day).	Verify the individual or collective bargaining agreement clearly specifies the shifts workers have agreed to work. Also, the company must keep attendance records specifying the start and end times of work shifts.				
2.12.b	Work shift	subjected to no	rohibits and makes sure workers are not toriously excessive and inhumane work the worker wants to earn more money ork or overtime.	Verify attendance records specify time limits for workers to punch in and out so they do not exceed the number of hours specified for work shifts and the number of extra hours agreed.				
2.12.c	Work shift	The company r break of at leas	nust give workers working a full shift a t 30 minutes.	Verify the existence of attendance records that specify workers' break times, including break start and end times.				
2.12.d	Work shift	the worker arr moment he or considered par considered in t	ers to the time period from the moment ives in the company's facilities to the she leaves its premises. Downtime is t of the work shift, and it should be he calculation and payment of salaries, er is hired by piecework, task or output.	Verify downtime records are kept and workers are paid downtime.				

				DEAR-USMCA Standard		
			DEAR-USMCA Checklist			
Resp	oonsible Agricultural <b>US</b>	MCA		Version 1.0		
Code	Reference	Indica	ator/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment
			2. Force	ed labour		
2.13.a	Overtime	The worker's vo documented.	luntary decision to work overtime must be	Verify the existence of paperwork signed by the worker specifying his or her willingness to work overtime.		
2.13.b	Overtime	times a week calculated base	d not exceed three hours a day, three k, with the corresponding payment d on an additional one hundred percent at corresponds to the regular work shift	Verify the existence of attendance records that indicate the number of hours worked and the corresponding payments made for the first 9 hours of weekly overtime.		
2.13.c	Overtime	a rate of two corresponds to	ess of 9 hours a week should be paid at hundred percent of the salary that the regular work shift (triple salary), and seed 12 hours a week.	Verify the existence of attendance records that indicate the number of hours worked and the corresponding payments made for any work in excess of 9 hours of weekly overtime.		
2.14.a	Days off		ays the worker a weekly day of rest for worked, and the worker takes that day	Verify workers' pay stubs specify the weekly paid day of rest, and conduct interviews with workers to confirm they are actually taking those days off.		
2.14.b	Days off	workers, the pa	f temporary or seasonal agricultural ayment of the weekly day off must be he number of days worked.	Verify the pay stubs of temporary or seasonal workers specify the weekly day off proportional payment.		
2.14.c	Days off	off or a mandate salary that corr	r decides to work his or her weekly day bry day off, he or she should be paid the esponds to such day off plus a double es rendered (triple salary).	Verify the corresponding salaries are paid to workers working days off.		

				DEAR-USMCA Standard DEAR-USMCA Checklist			
	ponsible Agricultural C USN			Version 1.0			
Code	Reference	Indica	ator/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment	
			2. Force	ed labour			
2.15	High temperature conditions	agricultural activ in greenhouse areas, warehou exposure of w does not exceen 26.7 °C; otherw	nust make sure that, in the case outdoor vities, as well as any activities performed s, shade cloth greenhouses, indoor uses and others, the maximum daily orkers to high temperature conditions d a wet bulb globe temperature index of vise, control measures must be put in rkers' exposure and non-exposure time.	Verify the existence of records indicating measures taken to control high temperature conditions (heat) workers are exposed to, exposure time and actions implemented, in accordance with Table 1 of Standard NOM-015-STPS-2001.			
2.16	Low temperature conditions	activities perfor activities, gree greenhouses, w when the therm less than 10 °C, proper PPE do control measure	must make sure that, in the case of rmed in cold rooms, outdoor farm nhouses, warehouses, shade cloth vorkshops, storage areas and others, ometer temperature reading is equal or the exposure time for a person wearing bes not exceed one hour; otherwise, s must be put in place to limit workers' on-exposure time.	Verify the existence of records indicating measures taken to control low temperature conditions (cold) workers are exposed to, exposure times, actions implemented and personal protection equipment provided, in accordance with Table 2 and Table A.2 of Standard NOM-015-STPS-2001.			
2.17	Manual handling of loads for persons older than 45	than 45 to lift an male workers of excess of 20 I manual handli authorization fro	should not allow female workers older d/or carry loads in excess of 15 kg, and der than 45 to lift and/or carry loads in kg. Workers must receive training on ng of loads. Only workers with om a physician should be allowed to excess of 20 kg for women and 25 kg	Verify the maximum weight to be lifted or carried by a worker older than 45 does not exceed the authorized limits, and also that the weight of full buckets or containers is properly documented, or these have marks indicating their maximum capacity, in accordance with Standard NOM-036-1-STPS-2018.			

				DEAR-USMCA Standard		
	ponsible Agricultural C			DEAR-USMCA Checklist		
				Version 1.0		
Code	Reference	Indica	tor/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment
			2. Force	ed labour		
2.18	Manual handling of loads for persons ages 18 to 45	the ages of 18 a of 20 kg, and ma 45 to lift and/or of	nould not allow female workers between nd 45 to lift and/or carry loads in excess ale workers between the ages of 18 and carry loads in excess of 25 kg. Workers ning on manual handling of loads.	Verify the maximum weight to be lifted or carried by a worker between the ages of 18 and 45 does not exceed the authorized limits, in accordance with Standard NOM-036-1-STPS-2018.		
2.19	Manual handling of loads for pregnant women	in the first 10- manually handli 10 kg, or perfor postures or rep time that require lower limbs. Fer	sust prohibit pregnant women or women week period following childbirth from ng materials with a weight in excess of prining tasks that involve forced body etitive motion for prolonged periods of a abdominal efforts or the movement of male workers must be informed of such a proper training.	Verify pregnant workers are not manually handling loads in excess of 10 kg, as well as the existence of records and controls to relocate pregnant women, in accordance with Standard NOM-036-1-STPS-2018.		
2.20	Body posture restrictions	an ergonomic ri restrictions, that adopting uncom result of having	nanual work activities, the company has sk assessment, including body posture i identifies the level of risk for workers fortable or forced body postures as a to crouch for long periods of time, or ploads, due to space limitations.	Verify the company has an ergonomic risk assessment and measures in place to mitigate the risk of exposure, as well as an occupational health surveillance program, in accordance with Standard NOM-036-1-STPS-2018.		

				DEAR-USMCA Standard		
Responsible Agricultural Company		DEAR-USMCA Checklist				
Res	-	MCA		Version 1.0		
Code	Reference	Indic	cator/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment
			2. Force	ed labour		
2.21	Psychosocial risk factors	risk factors for corrective meas analysis. The c workers to file co physical coercid persistent acts insults, hun marginalization, and rejection, tiol	as identified and analyzed psychosocial workers, and documents preventive or ures taken as a result of the risk factor ompany has mechanisms in place for omplaints and reports regarding threats, on, mistreatment and systematic and of intimidation, such as slandering, niliation, demeaning attitudes, indifference, ill-intended comparisons hat may lead workers to situations of ation or loss of self-esteem. Workers out such complaint filing mechanisms.	Verify actions are taken to identify and analyze psychosocial risk factors, in addition to the existence of records of prevention and control actions, complaint or report filing mechanisms, how complaints are handled, the results of follow-up actions, and how workers are informed of mechanisms to file complaints for violence in the workplace, in accordance with Standard NOM- 035-STPS-2018.		
2.22	Work in confined spaces	work in confine unfit workers, e performing ta combustion eq safety procedur to use the pers lack of materi perform the a	has safety measures in place regarding d spaces, including prohibiting access to vaceeding the maximum authorized time, sks individually, introducing internal uipment into them; prohibiting work if res are not followed or in case of failure sonal protection equipment required, the als, tools or equipment necessary to activity, or any other anomaly that workers' lives and safety, in addition to iorized workers.	Verify the existence of safety procedures and measures regarding work in confined spaces, and also that hazardous jobs are only performed by authorized and duly trained personnel, personal protection equipment is provided, safety measures are followed up, and records of training courses held are kept, in accordance with Standard NOM-033-STPS-2015.		

Res	ponsible Agricultural C			DEAR-USMCA Standard DEAR-USMCA Checklist Version 1.0		
Code	Reference	Indica	tor/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment
			2. Force	ed labour		
2.23	Handling of agrochemicals	agrochemicals of equipment indic Personal prote removed correc conditions, inclu in the workplac workers to stor bathe (with soat antidotes and effects of agroo	provides personnel using and handling with training and the personal protection ated on the safety data sheet or label. ction equipment must be used and ctly, and be kept in safe operating ding washing it at the end of each shift e. The company provides spaces for e their clothes, wash their hands and p and clean water). The company has medications available to handle the chemicals used in the workplace, and prmed of their health and environmental	Verify the company meets specifications regarding the safe use and handling of agrochemicals, in accordance with Standard NOM-003-STPS-1999.		
2.24	Health surveillance for personnel handling agrochemicals.	occupationally agrochemicals detection of org of workers most application of exams, clinical medical exams impact, and pro- that do not in question. The p	has a health surveillance program for exposed workers using and handling to protect their health, including early anic health problems, and identification at risk. The program must consider the entry, periodic and specific medical evaluations, measures to follow in case show alterations or confirm a health bocedures to reassign workers to tasks volve exposure to the risk factor in erson in charge of the program must be a experience in the field of occupational	Verify the existence of a health surveillance program for workers occupationally exposed to agrochemicals, including follow-up actions to protect the health and lives of workers.		

	ponsible Agricultural C	ompany		DEAR-USMCA Standard DEAR-USMCA Checklist Version 1.0		
Code	ode Reference Indicat		tor/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment
			2. Force	ed labour		
2.25	Handling of emergencies	considers dealin cases of intox agrochemicals substances; ag used to contain handle emerged during containm	as a plan to handle emergencies that ng, as a minimum, with the following: ication due to severe exposure to or other hazardous chemical rochemical leaks or spills; materials spills, personal protection equipment to ncies, training for personnel exposed ent efforts, and any other condition that ives or integrity of its workers, based on	Verify the existence of a plan to handle emergencies in cases of severe exposure or intoxication, agrochemical spills or leaks, as well as the existence of training records and certificates for the personnel in charge of handling emergencies; dissemination and publication of plans in work areas where emergencies may occur; and availability of materials to eliminate and contain spills or leaks.		

	DEAR		DEAR-USMCA Standard DEAR-USMCA Checklist			
	ponsible Agricultural Co			Version 1.0		
Code	Reference	Indica	or/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment
			3. Chil	d labour		
3.1	Policy	commitment to country and not	has a written policy that reflects its abide by current legislation in the to hire persons under the age of 18 for vities, which are considered hazardous	Verify the company has a policy that prohibits child labour and forced child labour, and also that workers know about it and such policy is actually being followed.		
3.2	Procedure	ensure no min That procedure access of mino of minors he agricultural ac mechanism to	designs and implements a procedure to ors are hired for agricultural activities. should include the following: controlling rs to the company's facilities, detection alping their parents (delegation of ivities from parents to children), a remove minors if found performing vities and restitution for working minors	Verify there is a procedure in place to prohibit child labour and forced child labour, duly documented and implemented, in the company's operations. That procedure should meet, as a minimum, the requirements specified in the indicator.		
3.3	Dissemination of policy and procedure		the procedure to prevent the hiring of must be disseminated among the cerned parties.	Verify the existence of attendance records, photos and materials that show the policy and the procedure to prevent the hiring of child labour were disseminated among the company's concerned parties.		
3.4	Records of access	company's facil	be kept of minors accessing the ties. These records should include, as a following information: name, age, date he visit.	Verify the existence of up-to-date records of access of minors to the company.		

				DEAR-USMCA Standard		
			DEAR-USMCA Checklist			
Res	sponsible Agricultural Co			Version 1.0		
Code	Reference	Indicat	or/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment
			3. Chil	d labour		
3.5	Removing minors from agricultural activities	or they are hel must be remov their human rig handed over to	orking (either because they were hired ping their parents or family members), red from those activities, making sure ghts are respected, and they must be their parents or guardians, who must commitment to prevent the minor from ehavior.	The company must have a letter of commitment signed by the parents or guardians of the minor found working.		
3.6	Restitution for minors	investigate the together with hi	r is found working, the company must reasons that led him/her to work and, s/her parents or guardians, efforts must ress the reasons for such action.	Verify a report was made indicating the reasons that led the child to work and any actions taken by the company to support that minor.		
3.7.a	Child protection system	permanence of	<ul> <li>promotes the integration and children of migrant workers in school, upport in the form of school supplies ansport.</li> </ul>	Submit a detailed report of the actions implemented by the company for the integration and permanence of the children of its migrant workers in school.		
3.7.b	Child protection system	permanence of	<ul> <li>promotes the integration and children of local workers in school, and rt in the form of school supplies and/or</li> </ul>	Submit a detailed report of the actions implemented by the company for the integration and permanence of children of its local workers in school.		
3.7.c	Child protection system	permanence of in school, and	<ul> <li>promotes the integration and children and youths from the community provides support in the form of school school transport.</li> </ul>	Submit a detailed report of the actions implemented by the company for the integration and permanence of children and youths from the community in school.		

	Responsible Agricultural Company		DEAR-USMCA Standard DEAR-USMCA Checklist Version 1.0			
Code	Reference	Indica	ator/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment
			3. Chil	d labour		
3.7.d	Child protection system	workers and/or	rants scholarships to the children of its children and youths from the community integration and permanence in school.	Submit a detailed report and paperwork that show education scholarships were actually granted.		
3.7.e	Child protection system		ovides childcare services in appropriate e security systems required to protect higrant workers.	Verify those services are actually being provided, and also that they guarantee the safety of children of migrant workers. Also, there must be a list of attendance showing the names the beneficiaries of the childcare services.		
3.7.f	Child protection system		rovides childcare services in appropriate e security systems required to protect ocal workers.	Verify such services are actually being provided, and also that they guarantee the safety of children of local workers. Also, there must be a list of attendance showing the names the beneficiaries of the childcare services.		
3.7.g	Child protection system	and/or local wo	e provided to the children of migrant rkers cared for in the childcare facility company's worksites and/or shelters.	Submit paperwork to verify meals provided to the beneficiaries of childcare facilities are paid by the company.		
3.7.h	Child protection system	and sports activ	romotes and organizes artistic, cultural rities for the children of workers and/or uths from the community.	Verify the existence of a program of activities, as well as photos and testimonies of the activities performed.		

				DEAR-USMCA Standard		
				DEAR-USMCA Checklist		
Res	ponsible Agricultural C USN			Version 1.0		
Code	e Reference Indica		or/Compliance criteria	Evidence of compliance	Complies Yes/No/NA	Auditor's comment
			3. Chil	d labour		
3.8	Inspections by labour authorities	working in the	ection by labour authorities finds minors company, the company must submit corrective actions taken in response to	Verify the contents of the labour authorities' inspection report and corrective actions taken.		
3.9	Restitution for working minors	working has not his or her servi	authorities determine the minor found received the salary that corresponds to ces, compared to other workers in the mployer must pay those differences in	Verify if the labour authorities' inspection report states the minor did not receive the corresponding salary, in which case the company must produce payroll records to calculate the differences in salary not paid to the minor found working.		
3.10	Public claims	minors by the contract the company minors	claims are made regarding the hiring of ompany to perform agricultural activities, ust remove those minors immediately by corresponding procedure, and minors stitution.	Verify the company has documented the removal of minors found working and restitution has been paid.		

To facilitate the comprehension of the indicators included in the Metric and Checklist, we have included the definitions of the main concepts involved, as well as the supporting legal standards.

#### Legislation

The following are the simplified names of the legal instruments of reference.

- Political Constitution of the Mexican United States, hereinafter referred to as the "Constitution".
   International Labour Organization, hereinafter referred to as "ILO".
   Federal Labour Law, hereinafter referred to as "FLL".
   Federal Labour Conciliation and Registry Center, hereinafter referred to as "CFCyRL".
   General Law for the Prevention, Punishment and Eradication of Human Trafficking Crimes and for the Protection and Assistance to the Victims of these Crimes, hereinafter referred to as the "Law on Human Trafficking".
   Mexican Official Standard, hereinafter referred to as "NOM".
  - 7 Minister of Labour and Social Welfare, hereinafter referred to as "STPS".









	Right to Or	ganize and Collective Bargain	ing
Code	Term	Concept	Legal reference
1.1	Union	An association of workers or employees created for the study, improvement and defense of their respective interests.	Article 356, FLL
1.1	Act of interference	An action or measure designed to promote the establishment of workers' organizations under the domination of employers or employers' organizations, with the object of placing such organizations under their control. Benefits agreed under the collective bargaining process shall not be considered acts of interference	Article 356, FLL
1.2	Collective Bargaining Agreement	The agreement entered into between one or several workers' unions and one or several employers, or one or several employers' unions, with the object of establishing working conditions in one or more companies or facilities.	Article 386, FLL
1.4	Certificate of Employee Representativeness	A document issued by CFCyRL that certifies a Union represents the workers of a company and can ask such company to enter into an Initial Collective Bargaining Agreement. The requesting Union must have the support of at least 30% of the workers covered by the Collective Bargaining Agreement.	Article 390 <i>bis</i> , FLL
1.8.a	Contents of Collective Bargaining Agreement	<ul> <li>A Collective Bargaining Agreement must contain, as a minimum, the following:</li> <li>I. The names and addresses of the parties to the agreement.</li> <li>II. The companies and facilities covered.</li> <li>III. Its duration or a statement indicating it is for an indefinite period of time or for specific work.</li> <li>IV. Workdays.</li> <li>V. Days off and vacations.</li> <li>VI. The amount of salaries to be paid.</li> <li>VII. Clauses regarding the training to be provided to the workers of the company or facilities it covers.</li> <li>VIII. Provisions regarding the initial training to be provided to any worker returning to work in the company or facility.</li> <li>IX. The rules for the creation and operation of the Commissions that must be created in accordance with the FLL.</li> <li>X. Any other stipulations agreed upon by the parties.</li> </ul>	Article 391, FLL

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		Forced labour	
Code	Term	Concept	Legal reference
2.1	Forced or compulsory labour	The term <b>forced or compulsory labour</b> refers to all work or service which is exacted from any person under the menace of any penalty and for which said person has not offered himself voluntarily.	Article 2, C029 - Convention on Forced Labour, 1930, ILO
2.1	Human trafficking crimes	Any action or deliberate failure to act by one or several persons in order to recruit, induce, transport, transfer, withhold, hand over, receive or house one or several persons for purposes of exploitation. Exploitation of a person shall be understood as any act of: I. Slavery. II. Servitude. III. Labour exploitation. IV. Forced work or services.	Article 10 Law on Human Trafficking
2.1	Slavery	Slavery refers to the domination of one person over another, depriving him of his capacity to freely dispose of his own person or his assets, and exercising a right of ownership over them.	Article 11 Law on Human Trafficking
2.1	Servitude through:	<ol> <li>Debt bondage: The condition of a person resulting from a commitment to render services as a means of repaying debt.</li> <li>Serfdom: A serf is:         <ul> <li>a) A person forced to live or work on land owned by someone else.</li> <li>b) He or she is forced to render services, paid or not, and stay permanently, on land owned by someone else.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	Article 12 Law on Human Trafficking
2.1	Labour exploitation	<ul> <li>Labour exploitation occurs when an individual manages to obtain, either directly or indirectly, an unjustified and unlawful benefit, financial or otherwise, through someone else's work, by subjecting an individual to practices harmful to his dignity, such as:</li> <li>I. Hazardous or unsanitary conditions, without the protections required by labour laws or current standards for the development of an activity or industry.</li> <li>II. An obvious disproportion between the amount of work done and the payment made for it.</li> <li>III. A salary below legal limits.</li> </ul>	Article 21 Law on Human Trafficking
2.1	Forced labour refers to work obtained through:	<ol> <li>The use of force, the menace of force, physical coercion, or threats of physical coercion against a particular person or another person related to him or her, or through the use of force, or the threat of force, by a criminal organization.</li> <li>Serious harm or a threat of serious harm on that person that puts him or her in a condition of vulnerability.</li> <li>Acts of abuse or the threat to report to the authorities an individual's irregular immigration status in the country or any other form of abuse of the law or a legal process, subjecting the passive individual to unjust conditions or conditions harmful to his or her dignity.</li> </ol>	Article 22 Law on Human Trafficking

Forced labour			
Code	Term	Concept	Legal reference
2.1	Vulnerability	<ul> <li>A particular condition of a victim, resulting from one or more of the following circumstances, that may lead a passive individual to carry out an activity, service or work requested or exacted by the person with an active participation in the crime:</li> <li>a) His or her origin, age, sex, or precarious socioeconomic status.</li> <li>b) Level of education, lack of opportunities, pregnancy, violence or discrimination experienced prior to being the victim of human trafficking and related crimes.</li> <li>c) Immigration status, physical or mental disorder or disability.</li> <li>d) Belonging to, or having been born in, an indigenous people or community.</li> <li>e) Being older than 60.</li> <li>f) Any type of addiction.</li> <li>g) A reduced judgment capacity for being a minor.</li> <li>h) Any other characteristic targeted by the active participant in the crime.</li> </ul>	Article 4, section XVII, of the Law on Human Trafficking
2.1	Human dignity	The inherent interest of all persons, for the mere fact of being one, in being treated as such and not as an object, and not being humiliated, degraded, vilified or objectified.	Thesis of jurisprudence 37/2016 (10a), Supreme Court of Justice of the Nation
2.1	Discrimination	Conditions that involve acts of discrimination against workers for reasons of ethnicity or citizenship, gender, age, disability, social condition, health conditions, religion, immigration status, opinions, sexual preferences, marital status or any other reason harmful to human dignity are prohibited.	Article 3, FLL
2.1	Sexual harassment	A form of violence where, while there is no subordination, there is an abuse of power leading to a state of defenselessness and risk for the victim, regardless of the number of incidents involved.	Article 3 <i>bi</i> s, FLL
2.1	Bullying in the workplace	The use of power in a real relationship of subordination of the victim with respect to the aggressor in the workplace, which is expressed through a verbal or physical behavior, or both.	Article 3 <i>bi</i> s, FLL
2.2	Decent work	Decent work refers to that where there is full respect for the worker's human dignity, there is no discrimination, the worker has access to social security and receives a salary, ongoing training is provided to increase productivity with shared benefits, there are optimal safety and hygiene conditions to prevent work risks, and there is full respect for workers' collective rights such as freedom of assembly, autonomy, the right to strike and the right to collective bargaining.	Article 2, FLL

Forced labour			
Code	Term	Concept	Legal reference
2.3.a	Labour recruiter or contractor	The term labour recruiter refers to any person hiring, or participating in the hiring of, one or more persons to provide services to an employer.	Article 12, FLL
2.3.a	Recruitment	Recruitment includes the advertisement, information dissemination, selection, transport, placement into employment and –for migrant workers– return to their country of origin.	General principles and operational guidelines for fair recruitment, ILO
2.3.b	Fair, ethical or just recruitment	<ul> <li>Fair, ethical or just recruitment is that which:</li> <li>Prevents human trafficking and forced labour.</li> <li>Protects workers' rights, particularly those of migrant workers, from abusive and fraudulent practices during the recruitment process (including the rights to preselection, selection, transport, placement and the possibility of return).</li> <li>Reduces the cost of labour migration, and improves the development outcomes for migrant workers and their families, and their places of origin and destination.</li> </ul>	General principles and operational guidelines for fair recruitment, ILO
2.3.b	Agricultural workers	<ul> <li>Agricultural workers are those performing tasks characteristic of agricultural, animal husbandry, aquaculture, forestry or mixed farms, at the service of one employer.</li> <li>Agricultural workers can be permanent, temporary or seasonal.</li> <li>a) The term temporary agricultural worker refers to that who, without being permanent or seasonal, performs temporary activities in a rural area, which can be by piecework and for a fixed period of time.</li> <li>b) Seasonal agricultural workers or day labourers are individuals recruited to work in specific times of the year in agricultural activities. They can be hired by one or more employers throughout the year, for periods that should not exceed 27 weeks for each employer.</li> </ul>	Articles 279, 279 <i>bis</i> and 279 <i>ter</i> , FLL
2.4	Subcontracting	Subcontracting work refers to that whereby an employer known as contractor does work or provides services, through workers under his charge, to a client, either an individual or a corporation, which specifies the tasks assigned to the subcontractor and supervises the provision of services or the completion of the work contracted out.	Article 15-A, FLL
2.5	Substantive equality	Substantive equality is that achieved by eliminating the forms of discrimination against women that undermine or annul the recognition, enjoyment or exercise of their human rights and fundamental freedoms in the workplace. It involves access to the same opportunities, taking into consideration the biological, social and cultural differences between men and women.	Article 2, FLL

Forced labour			
Code	Term	Concept	Legal reference
2.5	Migrant workers	The term migrant worker refers to any person who migrates or has migrated to a country of which he or she is not a national with a view to being employed otherwise than on his or her own account. The reference to the term migrant worker in the DEAR- USMCA Standard also includes those persons changing their place of residence temporarily (within their own country) to work in agricultural activities.	General principles and operational guidelines for fair recruitment, ILO
2.6	Recruitment fees	Article 123 (Constitution). Job placement services for workers shall be free. Article 14, Section II (FLL). Labour recruiters cannot receive any payment or commission deducted from workers' salaries.	Constitution and FLL
2.10	Minimum wage	The daily minimum wage for the area known as "Rest of the Country" is 123,22 Mexican pesos as of January 1 <sup>st</sup> 2020, whereas that for the so-called "Free Zone" along the Northern Border is between 176.22 and 185.56 pesos a day.	Federal Official Daily Gazette: 23/12/2019 Resolution of the Minimum Wages National Commission
2.12.a	Work shift	The period of time during which the worker is available to work for an employer.	Article 58, FLL
2.12.b	Inhumane work shift	In 1917, the Mexican Constitution was amended to establish the maximum number of work days in a week, which could not exceed a total of 48 hours, and the term "humanitarian work shift" was introduced. Article 5 of the FLL (1970), on the other hand, establishes the prohibition of "notoriously excessive inhumane work shifts", and makes reference to the prohibition of exceeding the limits established in labour laws for individual work shifts and overtime.	Article 5, FLL
2.12.d	Downtime	The time during which the worker is available for an employer but where, for reasons beyond his or her control, activities are interrupted due to situations such as machinery breakdowns, the lack of tools or supplies, adverse weather conditions or any other setback that prevents workers from performing their duties.	Article 58, FLL
2.13.a	Overtime	The Mexican Constitution establishes that, without exception, overtime should not exceed a total of three hours a day, or take place more than three consecutive times". Article 66 of the FLL establishes this as a weekly rule. However, article 68 of the same law states overtime can be extended, but does not mention an overtime limit: "In case overtime is extended beyond a period of nine hours a week, the employer must pay the worker such overtime at a rate of an additional two hundred percent of the salary that corresponds to the number of hours in the regular work shift"	Section A, paragraph XI, article 123 of the Mexican Constitution
		ILO's Labour Standard, specifically article 4 of Convention 30 on overtime, which states that the number of hours worked cannot exceed a total of 10.	



Forced labour			
Code	Term	Concept	Legal reference
2.15	High temperature conditions	This term refers to any environment with the potential to transmit heat to the human body or to prevent the human body from releasing heat into the environment, in such magnitude that the worker may experience a thermal imbalance that will tend to increase his or her core body temperature.	Section 4.5 of Standard NOM-015-STPS-2001
2.15	Wet bulb globe temperature index	The interaction between globe temperature, air temperature and relative humidity, that allows for an estimation of exposure to high temperatures.	Section 4.11 of Standard NOM-015-STPS-2001
2.16	Low temperature conditions	An environmental situation with the potential to produce a loss of heat in the human body, due to low temperatures, that may cause the worker to experience a thermal imbalance that will tend to reduce his or her core body temperature.	Section 4.4 of Standard NOM-015-STPS-2001
2.16	Manual handling of loads	The activity performed by one or more workers to lift, carry, push, pull, transport and/or stack materials, using their physical strength with or without auxiliary equipment.	Section 4.14 of Standard NOM-036-1-STPS-2018
2.17, 2.18 and 2.19.	Pushing, pulling or dragging loads (traction)	Those activities or tasks that involve manually pushing or dragging a load, with or without the help of auxiliary equipment, where the direction of the fundamental resulting force is horizontal. During traction, the force is directed towards the body. On the contrary, during pushing, that force moves away from the body.	Section 4.5 of Standard NOM-036-1-STPS-2018
2.17, 2.18 and 2.19.	Lifting and carrying loads	Those activities or tasks performed manually, without the help of machinery, that produce a momentum-force on the spinal column and/or the upper and lower limbs, regardless of the direction. During lifting, the force acts against gravity. Upon lowering the load, that force acts in the direction of gravity.	Section 4.12 of Standard NOM-036-1-STPS-2018
2.20	Ergonomic risk factors	Those activities that may involve excessive physical effort, repetitive motion or forced body postures while performing the job, with the ensuing fatigue, errors, accidents and occupational diseases, resulting from the design of facilities, machinery, equipment, tools or work stations.	Section 4.11 of Standard NOM-036-1-STPS-2018
2.21	Psychosocial risk factors	Those factors that may cause anxiety disorders, non- organic disorders of the sleep-wake cycle, or severe stress and adaptation disorders, due to the nature of the tasks inherent in a given job, the type of work shift and exposure to severe traumatic events or acts of violence in the workplace related to the work done.	Section 4.7 of Standard NOM-035-STPS-2018

Forced labour			
Code	Term	Concept	Legal reference
2.21	Violence in the workplace	Those acts of bullying, harassment or abuse against workers that can affect their integrity or health.	Section 4.12 of Standard NOM-035-STPS-2018
2.22, 2.23, 2.24 and 2.25.	Personal protection equipment	A combination of elements and devices specifically designed to protect workers from accidents and occupational diseases.	Section 4.10 of Standard NOM-033-STPS-2015
2.22	Confined space	A place without natural ventilation, or with poor natural ventilation, inside of which one or more persons can perform a given task, with limited or restricted means of access or exit, that is not designed to be occupied permanently.	Section 4.11 of Standard NOM-033-STPS-2015
2.23	Handling of agrochemicals	Activities that involve the storage, transfer, mixing, filling and application of agrochemicals in the workplace, as well as the washing of the corresponding equipment, personal protection equipment and triple washing of containers used for their final disposal.	Section 4.18 of Standard PROY- NOM-003-STPS-2016
2.23	Agrochemicals	The plant nutrients or plant nutrition supplies and pesticides used in the workplace.	Section 4.2 of Standard PROY- NOM-003-STPS-2016
2.23	Phytosanitary supply; pesticide; pesticide for agricultural use	Any substance or mix of substances used to prevent, repel, fight or destroy biological organisms harmful to plants, such as insecticides, fungicides, herbicides, acaricides, molluscicides, nematicides and rodenticides.	Section 4, paragraph g, of Standard NOM-003-STPS-1999
2.23	Label	The group of pictograms, illustrations, legends and specific indications, either engraved, printed or adhered to the containers and packaging of agrochemicals, in accordance with standards NOM-232-SSA1-2009, NOM- 182-SSA1-2010 or any others replacing them in the future.	Section 4.11 of Standard PROY- NOM-003-STPS-2016
2.23	Safety data sheet (SDS)	The information on the inherent characteristics and properties of chemical substances or mixes, as well as the safety and hygiene conditions required for their use, that can be used to develop programs to communicate hazards and risks in the workplace.	Section 4.14 of Standard PROY- NOM-003-STPS-2016
2.24	Health surveillance of occupationally exposed personnel (OEP)	The activity performed by a physician to verify the health conditions of workers at the beginning of their work life, in order to determine if there is any obstacle that prevents them from doing the job, in addition to periodically monitoring the health of occupationally exposed workers, to determine if they have experienced any alterations that require a new exam for them to continue to perform their tasks.	Section 4.32 of Standard PROY- NOM-003-STPS-2016

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Child labour			
Code	Term	Concept	Legal reference
	Child	The term child refers to any human being below the age of eighteen years, unless under the law applicable to the child, majority is attained earlier.	Article 1 of the Convention on the Rights of the Child
No code	Minimum working age in Mexico	The use of work by minors below the age of 15 is prohibited.	Article 123, Section A, paragraph III, of the Constitution
3.1	Minor	"Majority is attained at the age of 18" and, therefore, a minor is any person below the age of 18.	Article 646 of the Mexican Federal Civil Code
3.1	Work by Minors	Work by Minors is regulated, with specific reference to workers between the ages of 15 and 18.	Articles 173 to 180, FLL
3.1	Child labour	<ul> <li>The term "child labour" usually refers to all work that deprives children of their childhood, their potential and their dignity, and that is harmful to their physical and psychological development.</li> <li>Thus, reference is made to work that: <ol> <li>Is hazardous and harmful to the physical, mental or moral wellbeing of the child.</li> <li>Disrupts their schooling because it: </li> <li>Deprives them of the possibility of attending school</li> <li>Forces them to leave school prematurely</li> <li>Requires them to combine their education with heavy work and long hours of working.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	International Programme on the Elimination of Child Labour (IPEC) of the ILO
3.2	Agricultural activities	Tasks ranging from preparing land to harvesting and crop packaging, including the use and maintenance of agricultural machinery, tools and equipment.	NOM-007-STPS-2000
	Minimum working	The use of work by minors below the age of 18 in hazardous or unsanitary tasks is prohibited.	Article 175, Section IV, FLL
3.1	age in agriculture	Agricultural activities are considered hazardous or unsanitary.	Article 176, Section II, paragraph 8, FLL.



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Code	Term	Concept	Legal reference
3.1	Hazardous and unsanitary tasks for minors	<ul> <li>The following are the activities considered hazardous and unsanitary for workers below the age of 18. They only include those related to agriculture.</li> <li>II. Exposure to: <ul> <li>Noise, vibrations, ionizing radiation, or high or low temperature conditions.</li> <li>Contaminating chemical agents in the workplace.</li> <li>Hazardous waste, biological agents or infectious diseases.</li> <li>Hazardous fauna or harmful flora.</li> </ul> </li> <li>II. Tasks: <ul> <li>Work after 10 pm.</li> <li>Rescue work and disaster brigades.</li> <li>Work after 10 pm.</li> <li>Rescue work and disaster brigades.</li> <li>Work at height or in confined spaces.</li> <li>Welding and cutting operations.</li> <li>Outdoor tasks performed in extreme weather conditions that expose them to dehydration, heat strokes, hypothermia or freezing.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Agricultural tasks.</li> <li>Being directly responsible for the custody of assets and valuable goods.</li> <li>Activities related to the operation.</li> <li>Activities related to the operation, inspection, maintenance and testing of pressurized containers, cryogenic containers and steam generators or boilers.</li> </ul> <li>III. Moderate and intense physical effort; loads heavier than 7 kg; forced body postures or repetitive motion for long periods of time that alter their musculoskeletal system.</li> <li>IV. Handling, operation and maintenance of mechanical, electrical, pneumatic or motor equipment or machinery that may result in amputations, fractures or severe injuries.</li> <li>VI. Driving motor vehicles, as well as their mechanical and electrical maintenance.</li> <li>VII. Use of manual sharp tools.</li>	Article 176, FLL







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